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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Alexia S3
Product code	:	001F3891

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier Telephone Telefax	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom (+44) 08007318888
	If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com
1.4 Emergency telephone numb	er

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	

Hazard statements

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

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	H317	Not classified as a p according to CLP cri HEALTH HAZARDS May cause an allerg ENVIRONMENTAL Not classified as env according to CLP cri	teria. : ic skin reaction. HAZARDS: <i>v</i> ironmental hazard
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: P280	Wear protective glov eye protection/ face	ves/ protective clothing/ protection.
	Response: P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash v soap.	with plenty of water and
	P333 + P313		sh occurs: Get medical
	Storage:	No precautionary ph	rases.
	Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents/ approved waste disp	container to an

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains calcium salicylate.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	 Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	 * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01- 2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69- 9 (01-0000020163-82).

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Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	722503-69-7	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3
Calcium Salicylate	900185-23-1	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	 When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. 	
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. 	
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	
4.2 Most important symptom	oms and effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	 Skin sensitisation (allergic skin reaction) signs and symptoms may include itching and/or a rash. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. 	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from	 Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet. 	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Containe Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	
Specific extinguishing methods	 Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. 	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
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Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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6.3 Methods and materials for cont	tainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	g up : Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material.	

Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.

Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer	 This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.
	The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency office.

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Packaging material	 Suitable material: For containers or c steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. 	ontainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not b temperatures because of possible ris	
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated. **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

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upon potential expos circumstances. Appro	res The level of protection and types of controls r ure conditions. Select controls based on a risk as opriate measures include: to control airborne concentrations.	
Where material is heat concentrations to be	ated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater pote generated.	ential for airborne
Educate and train wo associated with this p Ensure appropriate s personal protective e Drain down system p Retain drain downs in Always observe good and before eating, dr	election, testing and maintenance of equipment u quipment, local exhaust ventilation. rior to equipment break-in or maintenance. In sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent I personal hygiene measures, such as washing ha inking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clot nts. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear	recycle. ands after handling the material thing and protective equipment
Personal protective	equipment	
	ation is made in consideration of the PPE directive CEN European Committee for Standardisation (
Personal protective e PPE suppliers.	equipment (PPE) should meet recommended nation	onal standards. Check with
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it con protective eyewear is recommended Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product gloves approved to relevant standar US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVC, r gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dexteri from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a key care. Gloves must only be worn on gloves, hands should be washed an Application of a non-perfumed mois	rds (e.g. Europe: EN374, materials may provide neoprene or nitrile rubber glove is dependent on of contact, chemical ty. Always seek advice gloves should be element of effective hand clean hands. After using ad dried thoroughly.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but

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recognize that suitable gloves offerin may not be available and in this cas time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact compositior Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and n	e a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance ed. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is n of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
: Wear chemical resistant gloves/gau risk of splashing, also wear an aprol	
: No respiratory protection is ordinaril conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ac health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meeti Check with respiratory protective eq Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask an Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	avgiene practices, d breathing of material. ain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ng relevant legislation. uipment suppliers. uitable, select an id filter. particulate/organic gases
: Not applicable	
: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	should be made to the
ntrols	
: Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits f must be observed for the discharge vapour.	gislation. Avoid y following advice given in idissolved material from aste water should be vaste water treatment plant for volatile substances
	 recognize that suitable gloves offerimay not be available and in this cass time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and not see the should be taken to avoid the splashing, also wear an aproximation of splashing, also wear an aproximation of the second transformer of the should be taken to avoid the splashing controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is a concentrations of use and meeting Check with respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meeting Check with respiratory protective equivalent of the splashing respiratory are suppropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143. Not applicable Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference is Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials". ntrols Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharge to surface water. We treated in a municipal or industrial with the solution of the discharge to surface water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:iquidColour:amberOdour:Slight hydrocarbonOdour Threshold:Data not availablepH:Not applicablepour point:-19 °CInitial boiling point and boiling:>280 °Cestimated value(s)range:>285 °CFlash point:235 °CEvaporation rate:Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas):Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas):Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas):Data not availableVapour pressure:Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit:Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure:<0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density:> 1 estimated value(s)Relative density:> 0.908 (15 °C)Density:0.908 (15 °C)Solubility(ies):Data not availableYater solubility:negligibleSolubility in other solvents:Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- cetanol/water:Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)Auto-ignition temperature:> $3 20 °C$ Viscosity:Data not available			
Odour: Slight hydrocarbonOdour Threshold: Data not availablepH: Not applicablepour point: -19 °CInitial boiling point and boiling: > 235 °CFlash point: 235 °CRelative point: Data not availableFlash point: Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C)	Appearance	:	liquid
Odour Threshold: Data not available pH : Not applicablepour point: -19 °CInitial boiling point and boiling range: > 230 °C estimated value(s)Flash point: $235 °C$ Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)Evaporation rate: Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density: > 1estimated value(s)Relative density: 0.908 (15 °C)Density: 0.908 (15 °C)Solubility(ies): negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) $320 °C$ Viscosity: >	Colour	:	amber
pH:Not applicablepour point: $-19 ° C$ Initial boiling point and boiling:> 280 °Cestimated value(s)range:235 °CFlash point::Evaporation rate:Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas):Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas)::Dyper explosion limit::Vapour pressure::Relative density::teltive density:> 1estimated value(s)Relative density::Vater solubility(ies)::Water solubility::Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water::Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water::Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water::Nuto-ignition temperature::Viscosity::	Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
pour point:-19 °CInitial boiling point and boiling range:> 280 °C estimated value(s)Flash point:235 °C Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)Evaporation rate:Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas):Data not availableIupper explosion limit:Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit:Typical 10 %(V)Vapour pressure:< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative density:> 1estimated value(s)Relative density:> 1estimated value(s)Relative density:908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Density:908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Solubility(ies):Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water:Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) act °cAuto-ignition temperature:>Viscosity:>	Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
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range235 °C Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)Evaporation rate: Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Data not availableIlpper explosion limit: Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density: > 1estimated value(s)Relative density: 0.908 (15 °C)Density: 908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Solubility(ies): negligibleWater solubility: negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) a20 °CViscosity:	pour point	:	-19 °C
Kethod: ASTM D93 (PMCC)Evaporation rate: Data not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Data not availableUpper explosion limit: Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density: > 1 estimated value(s)Relative density: > 1 estimated value(s)Density: 0.908 (15 °C)Density: 0.908 (15 °C)Solubility(ies): negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)Auto-ignition temperature: > az0 °CViscosity:	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flammability (solid, gas): Data not availableUpper explosion limit: Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: <0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density: <1estimated value(s)	Flash point	:	
Upper explosion limit: Typical 10 %(V)Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density: > 1estimated value(s)Relative density: > 1estimated value(s)Relative density: 0.908 (15 °C)Density: 908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Solubility(ies): negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) a20 °CViscosity: >	Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Lower explosion limit: Typical 1 %(V)Vapour pressure: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density: > 1estimated value(s)Relative density: 0.908 (15 °C)Density: 0.908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Solubility(ies): negligibleWater solubility: negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) 320 °CViscosity: >	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Vapour pressure:< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)Relative vapour density:> 1estimated value(s)Relative density:0.908 (15 °C)Density:908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Solubility(ies):negligibleVater solubility:negligibleSolubility in other solvents:Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water:Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)Auto-ignition temperature:>Viscosity:.	Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
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Relative density: 0.908 (15 °C)Density: 908 kg/m3 (15 °C)Solubility(ies): negligibleWater solubility: negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) 320 °CViscosity: > 320 °C	Vapour pressure	:	
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Solubility(ies)Water solubility: negligibleSolubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)Auto-ignition temperature: > 320 °CViscosity	Relative density	:	0.908 (15 °C)
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Solubility in other solvents: Data not availablePartition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)Auto-ignition temperature: > 320 °CViscosity	Solubility(ies)		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water : Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C Viscosity : - 320 °C	Water solubility	:	negligible
octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature : > 320 °C Viscosity	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
320 °C Viscosity		:	Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
	Auto-ignition temperature	:	
Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available	Viscosity		
	Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not available

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Viscosity, kinematic	: 19.5 mm2/s (100 °C)	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		

Conductivity	:	This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	:	Data not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition p	roducts
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure

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exposure	although exposure may occur followi	ng accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxic	bity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an in normal conditions of use.	halation hazard under
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxic	sity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For skin sensitisation:, Expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

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Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

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Assessment	categories 1A/1B.	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the crite categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the crite categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test
Product:		extract).
<u>Floduct.</u>		
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)		Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	
(Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:	
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, bu contains components that may persist in the environment.

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	I		
Product:			
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components wit bioaccumulate.	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on inform	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
12.4 Mobility in soil			
Product:			
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 		
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB	assessment		
Product:			
Assessment		: This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	
12.6 Other adverse effects			
Product:			
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile expected to be released to air in an Not expected to have ozone depleti photochemical ozone creation poten potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause aquatic organisms at concentrations 	y significant quantities., ion potential, ntial or global warming physical fouling of aquatic any chronic effects to	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	 Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
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		Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):		
Waste Code	: 13 02 05*		
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the user.	responsibility of the end	
	Hazardous Waste (England and Wal	es) Regulations 2005.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number		
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.2 Proper shipping name		
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.3 Transport hazard class		
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.6 Special precautions for user		
Remarks	Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Stora	
	for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of o	or
	needs to comply with in connection with transport.	

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117 Tropoport in bulk according	as to Approx II of MAPPOL 72/79 and th		
Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and th : Not applicable : Not applicable : Not applicable : Not applicable : Not applicable		
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.		
SECTION 15: Regulatory inf	ormation		
15.1 Safety, health and environ	mental regulations/legislation specific	for the substance or mixture	
REACH - List of substances (Annex XIV)		t is not subject to sation under REACH.	
Volatile organic compounds	: 0 %		
Other regulations	: Environmental Protection Act 1990 Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Cons Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carn and Use of Transportable Pressure Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Haz Packaging for Supply) Regulations Substances Hazardous to Health F amended). Merchant Shipping (Dal Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Repo and Dangerous Occurrences Regu Personal Protective Equipment Reg Protective Equipment at Work Reg Waste (England and Wales) Regul Control of Major Accident Hazards amended). Renewable Transport F (as amended). Energy Act 2011. E (England and Wales) Regulations 2 (England and Wales) Regulations 2 Planning (Hazardous Substances) regulations. The Environmental Pro Ozone-Depleting Substances) Reg	sumers Protection Act 1987. ct 1999. Environment Act riage of Dangerous Goods e Equipment (Amendment) ard Information and 2009. Control of Regulations 2002 (as ngerous Goods and Marine orting of Injuries, Diseases lations 1995 (as amended). gulations 2002. Personal ulations 1992. Hazardous ations 2005(as amended). Regulations 1999 (as "uel Obligations Order 2007 nvironmental Permitting 2010 (as amended). Waste 2011 (as amended). Act 1990 and associated otection (Controls on	
The components of this p	oduct are reported in the following inv	ventories:	
EINECS TSCA	: All components listed or polymer ex : All components listed.	xempt.	

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

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No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Classification procedure:
Skin sensitisation, Category 1, H317	Expert judgement and weight of evidence
	determination.

Full text of H-Statements

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Chronic Asp. Tox. Skin Irrit. Skin Sens. Abbreviations and Acroi	Aspiratior Skin irrita Skin sens nyms :	tion
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and

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sion 1.2	Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Res IATA = International Air Transport As IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dang INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test of determination of polycyclic aromatics KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inv LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective I LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer REACH = Registration Evaluation Ar Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Interna Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contr TWA = Time-Weighted Average	erous Goods method N° 346 for the s DMSO-extractables ventory Loading/Inhibitory loading a for the Prevention of Concentration / No High Production Volume and Toxic micals and Chemical atration atom Authorisation Of ational Carriage of
Eucher information	vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioa	accumulative
Further information		
Other information	: A vortical bar (I) in the left margin inc	licatos en amondmont

Other information

: A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.