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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Nautilus Premium Outboard
Product code	:	001A0380

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier :	Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone : Telefax :	(+44) 08007318888
Email Contact for Safety Data : Sheet	If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	er in the second se

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)			
Hazard pictograms	No Hazard Symbol required		
Signal word	No signal word		
Hazard statements	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.	t	

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		HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a heal criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HA Not classified as enviro according to CLP criteri	ZARDS: nmental hazard
Precautionary statements : F	: Prevention:		
	Response:	No precautionary phras	
	Storage:	No precautionary phras	es.
	Disposal:	No precautionary phras	es.
	Disposal.	No precautionary phras	es.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
	Registration	(EC) No	
	number	1272/2008)	
Distillates	64742-47-8	Asp. Tox.1; H304	15 - 25
(petroleum),	265-149-8		
hydrotreated light			
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	Asp. Tox.1; H304	< 3
(petroleum)	232-455-8 / 01-		
	2119487078-27		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

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General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard wh conditions.	hen used under normal
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure the appropriate personal protective equipse incident, injury and surroundings.	
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal If symptoms persist, obtain medical ac	
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush water and follow by washing with soar If persistent irritation occurs, obtain m	o if available.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of w If persistent irritation occurs, obtain me	
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary a are swallowed, however, get medical a	
4.2 Most important symptoms an	ıd e	ffects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptom of black pustules and spots on the ski Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiti	n of exposed areas.
4.3 Indication of any immediate n	neo	lical attention and special treatment	needed
Treatment	:	Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from t	the	substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in
2/10		2000010154

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Specific extinguishing methods	a confined space. Select fire fighter relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: E : Use extinguishing measures that ar circumstances and the surrounding	N469). e appropriate to local

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
Personal precautions :	<ul><li>6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li><li>6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li></ul>			
6.2 Environmental precautions				
Environmental precautions :	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.			
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.			
6.3 Methods and materials for cont	ainment and cleaning up			
Methods for cleaning up	<ul> <li>Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.</li> </ul>			

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

General Precautions	<ul> <li>Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.</li> <li>Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.</li> </ul>
	this material.

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7.1 Precautions for safe handl	ing		
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact wi Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety worn and proper handling equipment si Properly dispose of any contaminated r materials in order to prevent fires.	y footwear should be nould be used.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a s Proper grounding and bonding procedu during all bulk transfer operations.	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage	e, inc	luding any incompatibilities	
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a c place. Use properly labeled and closab	
		Store at ambient temperature.	
		Refer to section 15 for any additional sp covering the packaging and storage of	
		The storage of this product may be sub Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regul guidance may be obtained from the loc agency office.	ations. Further
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or cor steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ntainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk of	
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	:	Not applicable	

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

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#### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection

: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

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	protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product n gloves approved to relevant standards US: F739) made from the following ma suitable chemical protection. PVC, nec gloves Suitability and durability of a glo usage, e.g. frequency and duration of resistance of glove material, dexterity. from glove suppliers. Contaminated glo replaced. Personal hygiene is a key ele care. Gloves must only be worn on cle gloves, hands should be washed and o Application of a non-perfumed moistur	e (e.g. Europe: EN374, aterials may provide oprene or nitrile rubber ove is dependent on contact, chemical Always seek advice oves should be ement of effective hand an hands. After using dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recommend breakthrough time of more than 240 m for > 480 minutes where suitable glove short-term/splash protection we recom recognize that suitable gloves offering may not be available and in this case a time maybe acceptable so long as app and replacement regimes are followed a good predictor of glove resistance to dependent on the exact composition of Glove thickness should be typically gre depending on the glove make and mod	ninutes with preference es can be identified. For mend the same, but this level of protection a lower breakthrough propriate maintenance I. Glove thickness is not a chemical as it is f the glove material. eater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily require work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical res</li> </ul>	-
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinarily reconditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hyg precautions should be taken to avoid be fengineering controls do not maintain concentrations to a level which is adequive health, select respiratory protection equiper conditions of use and meeting Check with respiratory protective equiper Where air-filtering respirators are suitad appropriate combination of mask and for Select a filter suitable for combined parand vapours [Type A/Type P boiling promeeting EN14387 and EN143.	piene practices, preathing of material. airborne quate to protect worker pupment suitable for the relevant legislation. oment suppliers. able, select an filter. prticulate/organic gases

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Thermal hazards :	Not applicable	
Hygiene measures :	Exposure to this product should be reduced reasonably practicable. Reference should be Health and Safety Executive's publication " Essentials".	be made to the
Environmental exposure control	ols	
General advice :	Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requerelevant environmental protection legislation contamination of the environment by follow Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolv being discharged to waste water. Waste water treated in a municipal or industrial waste was before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volation must be observed for the discharge of exhapped.	n. Avoid ing advice given in ed material from ater should be ater treatment plant tile substances

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: blue
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -35 °CMethod: IP 15
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	: 70 °C Method: IP 34
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)

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Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.871 (15 °C)	
Density	: 871 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: IP 365	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on sin	nilar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 38 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: IP 71	
	7 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: IP 71	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a s	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

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No hazardous reaction is exp	pected when handled and stored according	to provisions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous re	actions			
Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid				
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct s	sunlight.		
10.5 Incompatible materials				
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products				
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products a during normal storage.	are not expected to form		

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

В	asis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	nformation on likely routes of xposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute	toxicity		
<u>P</u>	roduct:		
A	cute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
A	cute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
A	cute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

# Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

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#### Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

# Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

#### Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

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#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic:

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toxicity)	LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically no LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	n toxic:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically no LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	n toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Product:

Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<u>Pr</u>	roduct:		
Bi	oaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
	artition coefficient: n- ctanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4 M	obility in soil		
Pr	roduct:		
M	obility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
12.5 R	esults of PBT and vPvB ass	ses	ssment
<u>Pr</u>	roduct:		
As	ssessment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6 O	ther adverse effects		
Pr	roduct:		
	dditional ecological formation	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential,

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	photochemical ozone creation potenti potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause pl organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause a aquatic organisms at concentrations l	hysical fouling of aquatic

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
Waste Code	: 13 02 05*
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number	
ADR RID IMDG	<ul> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> </ul>
IATA 14.2 Proper shipping name	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR RID IMDG IATA	<ul> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> </ul>
14.3 Transport hazard class	

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ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.6 Special precautions for u	ser	
Remarks	<ul> <li>Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter for special precautions which a user ne needs to comply with in connection with</li> </ul>	eds to be aware of or
14.7 Transport in bulk accordi	ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IB	C Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable	
Ship type	: Not applicable	
Product name	: Not applicable	
Special precautions		
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk	shipments by sea.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation	: Product is not subject to
(Annex XIV)	Authorisation under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds : 0 %	

Other regulations	: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal
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Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	All compo	onents listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	All compo	onents listed.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Asp. Tox.	piration hazard	
Abbreviations and Acronyms	<ul> <li>The standard abbreviations and acronyms document can be looked up in reference lite scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.</li> </ul>	
	ACGIH = American Conference of Govern Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning th Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Su ASTM = American Society for Testing and BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Cou CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelli COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List	e International ubstances Materials Xylenes ncil
	EC = European Commission	

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	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial	
	Chemical Substances	, 0
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances	
	Inventory	
	EWC = European Waste Code	
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and	
	Labelling of Chemicals	
	IARC = International Agency for	
	IATA = International Air Transpor	
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration f	iπy
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime D	angarous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Invent	
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum to	
	determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables	
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory	
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty	
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent	
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading	
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	
	MARPOL = International Conver	ntion for the Prevention of
	Pollution From Ships	
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Eff	ect Concentration / No
	Observed Effect Level	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of	
	Substances	Chemicals and Chemical
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Cor	centration
	REACH = Registration Evaluatio	
	Chemicals	
	RID = Regulations Relating to Int	ternational Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Rail	C C
	SKIN_DES = Skin Designation	
	STEL = Short term exposure limi	
	TRA = Targeted Risk Assessmer	
	TSCA = US Toxic Substances C	ontrol Act
	TWA = Time-Weighted Average	
	vPvB = very Persistent and very	Dioaccumulative
Further information		
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is a	attached to this safetv data
	sheet. It is a non-classified mixtu	
	substances as detailed in Section	
	Exposure Scenarios for the haza	rdous substances contained
	have been integrated into the co	re sections 1-16 of this SDS.

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A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.