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Shell Refrigeration Oil S4 FR-F 100

Version 1.3	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDEI	ITIFICATION	
Product name	Shell Refrigeration Oil S4 FR-F 100	
Product code	001D8393	
Manufacturer or supplier's de	tails	
Supplier	Shell Eastern Petroleum (Pte) Ltd (196000089G) The Metropolis Tower 1, 9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01 Singapore 138588 Singapore	
Telephone	: (+65) 62632975	
Telefax	: (+65) 62632049	
Emergency telephone	: +65 6263 2975	
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the conplease email lubricantSDS@shell.com	
Recommended use of the che	mical and restrictions on use	

Recommended use	:	Refrigerator oil.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a dangerous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases.

Version 1.3

Revision Date 27.05.2016

Print Date 28.05.2016

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

	General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
	If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
	In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
			When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
	In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
			Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
,	10		

Version 1.3		Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. High pressure injection injuries re- intervention an d possibly steroid damage and loss of function.	
		Because entry wounds are small a seriousness of the underlying dan determine the extent of involveme anaesthetics or hot soaks should can contribute to swelling, vasosp surgical decompression, debriden foreign material should be perforn anaesthetics, and wide exploration	nage, surgical exploration to ent may be necessary. Local be avoided because they asm and ischaemia. Prompt nent and evacuation of ned under general
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES			
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry che dioxide, sand or earth may be use	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products r A complex mixture of airborne sol gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic	id and liquid particulates and difference in the second seco
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that circumstances and the surroundin	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment inclu gloves are to be worn; chemical re large contact with spilled product Breathing Apparatus must be wor a confined space. Select fire fighte relevant Standards (e.g. Europe:	esistant suit is indicated if is expected. Self-Contained n when approaching a fire in er's clothing approved to

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	 Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

ersion 1.3		Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
		Local authorities should be advise cannot be contained.	ed if significant spillages
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accide Prevent from spreading by makin or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an ab Soak up residue with an absorber suitable material and dispose of p	g a barrier with sand, earth sorbent. nt such as clay, sand or othe
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of pers see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data For guidance on disposal of spille this Safety Data Sheet.	Sheet.
HANDLING AND STORAGE			
General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if the vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sl assessment of local circumstance appropriate controls for safe hand this material.	heet as input to a risk es to help determine
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated cont Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mist When handling product in drums, worn and proper handling equipm Properly dispose of any contamin materials in order to prevent fires	ts. safety footwear should be nent should be used. nated rags or cleaning
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Storage			
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and place. Use properly labeled and closable	
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers, steel. Unsuitable material: For containe PVC, polyethylene or high density	rs or container linings avoid

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

Revision Date 27.05.2016

Print Date 28.05.2016

Version 1.3 No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Version 1.3	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016	
Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards PPE suppliers.			
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinar conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective e Where air-filtering respirators are s appropriate combination of mask a Select a filter suitable for the comb and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling] 	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. tain airborne adequate to protect worker in equipment suitable for the ting relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. suitable, select an ind filter.	
Hand protection			
Remarks	 Where hand contact with the product gloves approved to relevant standar US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVC, gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dexter from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a key care. Gloves must only be worn on gloves, hands should be washed a Application of a non-perfumed moist. For continuous contact we recomm breakthrough time of more than 24 for > 480 minutes where suitable g short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition. 	ards (e.g. Europe: EN374, a materials may provide neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on a of contact, chemical rity. Always seek advice d gloves should be y element of effective hand clean hands. After using nd dried thoroughly. sturizer is recommended. hend gloves with 0 minutes with preference loves can be identified. For commend the same, but ring this level of protection se a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance wed. Glove thickness is not e to a chemical as it is on of the glove material.	
	depending on the glove make and	model.	
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it co protective eyewear is recommende		
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily req work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemica 	-	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable		

Version 1.3	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016		
Environmental exposure	Environmental exposure controls			
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfil relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment b Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent u being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial of before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	egislation. Avoid by following advice given in ndissolved material from Vaste water should be waste water treatment plant for volatile substances		
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.			

Colour	:	colourless
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-42 °C / -44 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	:	>= 230 °C / >= 446 °F Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)
Density	:	984 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	negligible
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)

Version 1.3 octanol/water	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 94 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
	10.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Decomposition temperature	This material is not expected to be aData not available	static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acı	ute toxicity		
	Product:		

Version 1.3	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low to	xicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an normal conditions of use.	inhalation hazard under
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low to	xicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

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Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Version 1.3

Revision Date 27.05.2016

Print Date 28.05.2016

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Version 1.3	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practic LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	ally non toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	: Remarks: Data not available	
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean	: Remarks: Data not available	
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not rea constituents are expected to be i contains components that may p	nherently biodegradable, but
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components bioaccumulate.	with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on info	ormation on similar products)
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most env enters soil, it will adsorb to soil pa mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volati expected to be released to air in Not expected to have ozone dep photochemical ozone creation po potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cau organisms. 	any significant quantities., letion potential, otential or global warming

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible.
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Version 1.3	Revision Date 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
	It is the responsibility of the waste toxicity and physical properties of determine the proper waste class methods in compliance with appli Do not dispose into the environme courses	the material generated to ification and disposal cable regulations.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with preva to a recognized collector or contra the collector or contractor should Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regul	actor. The competence of be established beforehand. with applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regul	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Local Regulations

/ersion 1.3	Revision Date	e 27.05.2016	Print Date 28.05.2016
Workplace Safety and Heal Safety and Health (General Regulations		This product is no in the Act/Regula	ot subject to the requirements tions.
Fire Safety Act and Fire Saf Flammable Materials) Regu		This product is no in the Act/Regula	ot subject to the requirements tions.
Maritime and Port Authority (Dangerous Goods, Petrole Regulations	.	This product is no in the Act/Regula	ot subject to the requirements tions.
Environmental Protection an and Environmental Protection Management (Hazardous S Regulations	on and	This product is no Act/ Regulation.	ot subject to control under this
Other international regula	tions	·	
The components of this product are reported in the following inventories: EINECS : All components listed or polymer exempt.			

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
Further information		
Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

: All components listed.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.